Informatica

Informatica® Cloud Data Integration
July 2024

IDMS CDC Connector

Informatica Cloud Data Integration IDMS CDC Connector
July 2024

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Preface

Learn how to use the *IDMS CDC Connector* to retrieve IDMS records from a PowerExchange environment and write the data to a supported target. The IDMS CDC connector works with Cloud Data Integration mappings, mapping tasks, and taskflows. Learn how to configure connections, mappings, and mapping tasks and to run and monitor mapping tasks.

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CHAPTER 1

Introduction to IDMS CDC Connector

You can use IDMS CDC Connector to connect to a PowerExchange IDMS change data capture (CDC) environment to retrieve change records for registered IDMS data sources. PowerExchange captures change records from IDMS log files and logs the records in PowerExchange Logger for z/OS log files. The change records are then re-logged to a remote PowerExchange Logger for Linux, UNIX, and Windows so that IDMS CDC Connector can access the records.

IDMS CDC Connector extracts change records from PowerExchange Logger for Linux, UNIX, and Windows log files and sends the records to Data Integration. Data Integration can then transmit the change records to a supported target.

When you define mappings in Data Integration, you select the extraction maps that PowerExchange generated for the IDMS data when you registered the data sources. The IDMS CDC Connector metadata adapter can then retrieve the source metadata from the extraction maps and store this information in the cloud.

To extract source change records from PowerExchange Logger for Linux, UNIX, and Windows log files, you must run the mapping tasks that are associated with the mappings. A mapping task runs to the end-of-log (EOL) in the PowerExchange Logger log files and then stops. You can manually restart the mapping task from a specific point in the logs, create a schedule that runs the mapping task on a recurring basis, or run the mapping task continuously. If the mapping task fails, IDMS CDC Connector can resume processing from the point of interruption based on recovery information that is stored on the target.

IDMS CDC Connector must be able to connect to an active PowerExchange environment that includes the PowerExchange Logger for Linux, UNIX, and Windows. You do not need to copy the PowerExchange DBMOVER configuration file or PowerExchange Logger pwxccl configuration file to the IDMS CDC Connector system. For more information about configuring PowerExchange for IDMS CDC sources, see the *PowerExchange CDC Guide for z/OS*. For more information about configuring the PowerExchange Logger for Linux, UNIX, and Windows, see the *PowerExchange CDC Guide for Linux, UNIX, and Windows*.

IDMS CDC Connector works with the Informatica Cloud Secure Agent. When you install and start the Secure Agent, it downloads IDMS CDC Connector components and the PowerExchangeClient packages. When you define a runtime environment, you configure a Secure Agent group.

Note: IDMS CDC Connector does not work with the Hosted Agent.

IDMS CDC Connector usage scenario

Your organization needs to replicate real-time change data from a mission-critical z/OS production system to minimize intrusive, non-critical work, such as offline reporting or analytical operations, on that system. Your organization also wants to reduce costly CPU usage, disk space, and CDC processing time on the z/OS source system.

You can use IDMS CDC Connector to connect to an on-premises PowerExchange source system and an on-premises PowerExchange Logger for Linux, UNIX, and Windows system from another Linux or Windows system where the Secure Agent is installed. IDMS CDC Connector components retrieve metadata about IDMS source data from the source system and retrieve the source change records from the PowerExchange Logger for Linux, UNIX, and Windows log files. The source metadata is stored in the Data Integration cloud. You can use the browser-based Informatica Intelligent Cloud Services interfaces to define IDMS CDC connections, mappings, and mapping tasks. When you run the mapping tasks, IDMS CDC Connector components in conjunction with Data Integration retrieve and process the change records that PowerExchange captured from the production data and transmit these change records to one or more targets. Multiple users can then access the latest data on the target systems.

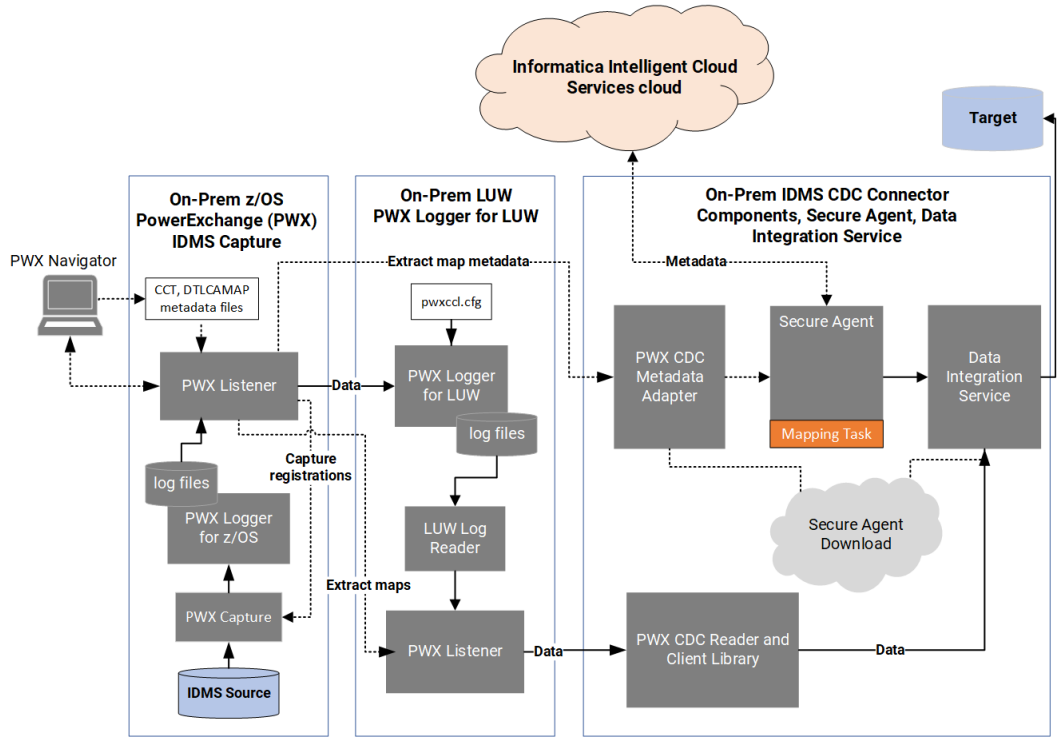
By using IDMS CDC Connector, you reduce the workload on production systems while making accurate and up-to-date IDMS change data available to multiple users on less critical and less costly target systems. Also, you gain access to easy-to-use, browser-based interfaces for defining mappings and mapping tasks and running and monitoring mapping tasks.

Integration with the PowerExchange environment

You must have a functional on-premises PowerExchange CDC environment that can capture change records from IDMS source data on a z/OS system and log the change records to a remote PowerExchange Logger on a Linux, UNIX, and Windows system. IDMS CDC Connector retrieves change records from the PowerExchange Logger for Linux, UNIX, and Windows log files.

You must have a license that allows your organization to use IDMS CDC Connector and PowerExchangeClient packages on a Linux or Windows system. On each system from which you plan to use IDMS CDC Connector, install the Secure Agent. After you start the Secure Agent the first time, the IDMS CDC Connector and the PowerExchangeClient package are installed locally. You can then use Cloud Data Integration, Administrator, and Monitor interfaces to configure IDMS CDC connections, mappings, and mapping tasks and to run and monitor mapping tasks.

The following image shows the general architecture of the IDMS CDC Connector components in relation to Cloud Data Integration, the remote IDMS source system, and the remote PowerExchange Logger for Linux, UNIX, and Windows system:



This configuration spans the following on-premises systems:

- The Windows system where the PowerExchange Navigator client runs.
- The z/OS system where the IDMS source, PowerExchange change capture routine (IDMS ECCR), PowerExchange Logger for z/OS, and PowerExchange Listener run.
- The remote PowerExchange Logger for Linux, UNIX, and Windows system with another PowerExchange Listener instance.
- The Linux or Window system where the IDMS CDC Connector components and Secure Agent run.

Based on this configuration, the following processing occurs:

1. The PowerExchange capture routine actively captures change records from IDMS transaction logs and sends the records to the PowerExchange Logger for z/OS on a continuous basis.

   To capture change records, the PowerExchange capture routine uses the capture registrations that are recorded in the PowerExchange CCT file. You defined a capture registration for the IDMS source data in the PowerExchange Navigator. The PowerExchange Navigator generated a corresponding extraction map, which will be used to extract the change records.
2. Because remote logging is enabled, PowerExchange sends the change records that are in the PowerExchange Logger for z/OS log files to the remote PowerExchange Logger for Linux, UNIX, and Windows.
3. The PowerExchange Logger for Linux, UNIX, and Windows logs the change records in its log files.

   The pwxccl.cfg file defines the PowerExchange Logger configuration.
4. When you design a mapping in Data Integration, you associate the Source transformation with an IDMS CDC connection. You can define the connection in either Data Integration or Administrator. The PWX

CDC Metadata Adapter then uses the connection to connect to the PowerExchange Listener on z/OS and retrieve extraction map metadata for the IDMS source from the PowerExchange DTLCAMAP file.

In the mapping, you must also define a Target transformation and connection and map the source fields to target fields.

5. The Secure Agent in conjunction with Data Integration sends the extraction map metadata to the Informatica Intelligent Cloud Services repository in the cloud.
6. When you run the mapping task that is associated with the mapping, all of the CDC metadata, connection properties, mapping information, advanced source properties, CDC runtime properties, and advanced session properties are pushed down to the on-premises Secure Agent in the form of a session .xml file.
7. The PWX CDC Reader on the Secure Agent machine communicates with the PowerExchange Listener on the PowerExchange Logger for Linux, UNIX, or Windows machine to retrieve the change records from the PowerExchange Logger log files.
8. Data Integration transmits the change records to the mapped target.

Alternative configurations of PowerExchange with the IDMS CDC Connector components and Cloud Data Integration are possible. For example:

- The PowerExchange Logger for Linux, UNIX, and Windows, the IDMS CDC Connector components, and the Secure Agent can all run on the same Linux or Windows system.
- The PowerExchange Navigator can run on any supported Windows system, including a Windows system where the PowerExchange Logger for Linux, UNIX, and Windows, IDMS CDC Connector, and Secure Agent run.

IDMS CDC Connector asset types

The following table lists the Data Integration asset types that the IDMS CDC Connector uses:

Asset Type	Required or Optional?
Mapping	Required
Mapping task	Required
Taskflow	Optional

Software requirements

Verify that your PowerExchange system and IDMS CDC Connector system meet the following software requirements for CDC integration with Informatica Cloud Data Integration:

- You must have a remote PowerExchange installation on the IDMS source system. You also must have a local or remote PowerExchange installation wherever you plan to run the PowerExchange Logger for Linux, UNIX, and Windows and the PowerExchange Navigator. For all PowerExchange installations, the following PowerExchange versions are supported:

  - PowerExchange 10.5.2

- PowerExchange 10.5.1
- PowerExchange 10.5
- PowerExchange 10.4.1
- PowerExchange 10.4.0 HotFix 1
- PowerExchange 10.4.0

- IDMS CDC Connector components run on the same Linux and Windows operating systems that are supported for the Informatica Secure Agent. For more information, see the Product Availability Matrix (PAM) for Informatica Intelligent Cloud Services (IICS) <*current_version*>, which is available on Informatica Network at https://network.informatica.com/community/informatica-network/product-availability-matrices. You must have a login to access this location.
- The supported versions of IDMS sources and operating systems are the same as those that PowerExchange supports. For more information, see the **PWX Classic** tab information in the Product Availability Matrix (PAM) for Informatica <current_pwx_version>, which is available on Informatica Network at https://network.informatica.com/community/informatica-network/product-availability-matrices.

Supported targets

IDMS CDC Connector is certified with the following target types:

- Amazon Redshift
- Aurora PostgreSQL
- IBM Db2 for z/OS
- IBM Db2 for i
- Google BigQuery
- Microsoft SQL Server and Amazon Relational Database Service (RDS) for SQL Server
- MySQL
- Oracle and Amazon RDS for Oracle
- PostgreSQL
- Snowflake
- Teradata

Other Cloud Data Integration relational database targets are expected to work provided that the PM recovery tables can be created in the target schema. However, these targets have not been fully certified with this source connector. Use them in your test environment first.

IDMS CDC Connector rules and guidelines

Review the IDMS CDC Connector rules and guidelines before you begin configuring connections, mappings, and mapping tasks.

- You can use IDMS CDC connections for sources only. Do not select this connection type for a target.
- You must configure remote logging of IDMS change records to a PowerExchange Logger for Linux, UNIX, and Windows (LUW) instance. For more information, see the *PowerExchange CDC Guide for Linux, UNIX, and Windows*.
- IDMS CDC Connector connects to the PowerExchange Listener on the PowerExchange Logger for LUW system by using the **Listener Location** property that you specify in the IDMS CDC connection definition. On the Connector system, you do not need to create a local copy of the DBMOVER configuration file that contains a NODE statement pointing to the PowerExchange Listener.
- If you upgrade your system to a later PowerExchange version, you must stop the Secure Agent that connects to the older PowerExchange Listener before you try to connect to the upgraded PowerExchange Listener. After you edit the connection properties to specify the upgraded PowerExchange Listener, restart the Secure Agent before you try to establish the connection again.
- The PowerExchange Listener on the LUW system can compress or encrypt the change data that it sends to the PWX CDC Reader component of IDMS CDC Connector, depending on how you set the **Compression** and **Encryption** properties for the source connection.
- IDMS CDC Connector supports PowerExchange Logger for LUW group definition files. A *group definition file* creates a separate set of PowerExchange Logger log files for each defined group of registered IDMS data sources. When a mapping task runs, the PWX CDC Reader reads only the subset of log files for the group that contains the source data.
- If you include multiple IDMS source data in a mapping, the PWX CDC Reader automatically uses group source processing to read change records for all of the data in a single pass.
- The PWX CDC Metadata Adapter retrieves information for registered IDMS data sources from the PowerExchange extraction map data, DTLCAMAP, on the IDMS source system, provided that you specify the **Map Location**, **Map User**, and **Map Password** properties for the source connection. The Adapter retrieves information only from PowerExchange-generated extraction maps that have names beginning with "d." The extraction maps provide information, such as the incoming fields, that will be used when you create a mapping. The Adapter does not retrieve information from user-defined extraction maps that have names beginning with "u" for user-defined.
- The PowerExchange change data extraction modes, as defined in the *PowerExchange CDC Guide for Linux, UNIX, and Windows*, do not pertain to IDMS CDC Connector. The PWX CDC Reader component of IDMS CDC Connector extracts change records until it reaches the end-of-log in the PowerExchange Logger log files and then stops. However, the PowerExchange configuration that the PWX CDC Reader requires is similar to the configuration for continuous extraction mode in the following ways:
  - A CAPX CAPI_CONNECTION statement must exist in the PowerExchange DBMOVER configuration file on the PowerExchange Logger for LUW system.
  - The capture registrations for IDMS data sources must specify **Part** for the **Condense** option.
- If you change the source object in a mapping that has been used for CDC processing, create a new mapping task for the mapping. If you need to retain the mapping task that is currently associated with the mapping, increment the revision number in the CDC Runtime properties for the mapping task.

Prerequisite tasks for using IDMS CDC Connector

Before you begin configuring IDMS CDC connections, mappings, and mapping tasks, you must complete several prerequisite tasks in PowerExchange and in Informatica Intelligent Cloud Services Administrator. Make sure you have a user role that allows you to perform these tasks.

- Verify that the PowerExchange installations on the source system, PowerExchange Logger for Linux, UNIX, and Windows system, and PowerExchange Navigator system use a PowerExchange version that IDMS CDC Connector supports. Also verify that the logging of change records to a remote PowerExchange Logger for Linux, UNIX, and Windows is properly configured. Test your configuration by verifying that PowerExchange is able to capture change records from IDMS sources and log the records to remote PowerExchange Logger for Linux, UNIX, and Windows log files.
- In PowerExchange Navigator, check that an active PowerExchange capture registration and extraction map exists for each source. The extraction map name must begin with "d" for default, which indicates the default extraction map that PowerExchange generates.
- If your site uses TLS or SSL security, verify that valid certificates are available for the source and target servers and that the PWX_CONFIG environment variable points to the dbmover configuration file that includes the SSL configuration for the PowerExchange Listener. For more information about configuring TLS or SSL security, see the *PowerExchange Reference Manual*.
- If you localize PowerExchange messages in Japanese, before you start the Secure Agent, create a copy of the PowerExchange dbmover_ja.cfg file. Then set the PWX_CONFIG environment variable to point to the copy. For more information about the dbmover_ja.cfg configuration file, see the *PowerExchange Reference Manual*.
- Create the target tables and materialize them with data, if materialized target tables do not already exist. When users are ready to run mapping tasks the first time, they should start the tasks close to the time when the initial materialization of the target tables occurred to avoid missing changes.
- From the **Add-On Connectors** page of Administrator, add the IDMS CDC Connector if it has not already been added.
- Download the Secure Agent. The Secure Agent can then download the IDMS CDC Connector components and PowerExchangeClient packages based on your licensing. The download also creates a Secure Agent group that contains a Secure Agent as the runtime environment. You can add another Secure Agent to the group. You must have at least one runtime environment in each organization so that users in the organization can run tasks.

  Note: IDMS CDC Connector does not support the Hosted Agent.
- In Administrator, configure user roles if the predefined roles are not sufficient. Then assign one or more roles to each user or user group. The roles must provide the privileges that the users require to perform all of their tasks. Usually, the organization administrator configures user roles.
- If you do not want users to run scheduled mapping tasks during a certain period, define a blackout period for all schedules on the **Schedules** page in Administrator.

Task flow for using IDMS CDC Connector

To use IDMS CDC Connector, create a source connection, mapping, and mapping task. Also create a target connection if one is not already defined.

Before you begin, in the Administrator, you must complete the prerequisite tasks. See "Prerequisite tasks for using IDMS CDC Connector" on page 13.

1. In Administrator, create a source connection with the type of **IDMS**. Test the connection.

   Alternatively, you can create a source connection in Data Integration when you configure a mapping. When you create a connection, you must set some connection properties that are specific to IDMS CDC Connector. For more information, see "IDMS CDC connection properties" on page 15.

   IDMS CDC Connector uses this connection to retrieve source metadata and data records from PowerExchange.
2. Create a target connection with a supported target type, if one is not already defined.
3. In Data Integration, configure a mapping. Validate the mapping and then save it.
4. Create a mapping task that is associated with the mapping.
5. Run the mapping task manually, or create a schedule to run it on a recurring basis. For more information, see "Running a mapping task" on page 28.
6. Monitor the job status for the mapping task instance. For more information, see "Monitoring a mapping task" on page 29.

   If a job has the status of Failed or Warning, check the session log for related error or informational messages. Then try to correct the issues that caused the failure and restart the mapping task from the appropriate point in the stream.

CHAPTER 2

IDMS CDC Connections

You must create an IDMS CDC connection to connect to a PowerExchange Listener to read from IDMS data sources.

The PWX Bulk Reader that is on the system where the Secure Agent runs requires the connection information to retrieve IDMS data records from PowerExchange.

You can create an IDMS connection in Administrator or Data Integration, provided that your assigned user role allows this action. Use one of the following methods:

- In Administrator, click **Connections** on the navigation bar. On the **Connections** page, click **New Connection** and then enter connection details and properties for a connection that has the type of **IDMS CDC**.
- In Data Integration, when you create a mapping, click **Source** on the mapping canvas and then under **Properties**, click **Source** to display the **Properties** > **Source** panel. To create a connection, click **New Connection** , select **Actual Data**, and define a connection that has the type of **IDMS CDC**. Alternatively, if you previously defined an IDMS CDC connection, select it from the **Connection** list.

When you configure a connection, you must specify a runtime environment for the connection. The runtime environment must contain a Secure Agent with the status "Up and Running."

After you create an IDMS CDC connection, it becomes available for use within the organization and can be used in multiple mappings.

IDMS CDC connection properties

When you configure an IDMS CDC connection, you must set the connection properties.

The following table describes IDMS CDC connection properties:

Property	Description
Connection Name	A name for the IDMS CDC connection. This name must be unique within the organization. Connection names can contain alphanumeric characters, spaces, and the following special characters: _ . + - Spaces at the beginning or end of the name are trimmed and are not saved as part of the name. Maximum length is 100 characters. Connection names are not case sensitive.
Description	Description of the IDMS CDC connection. Maximum length is 4000 characters.
Type	Type of connection. For IDMS CDC, the type must be **IDMS CDC**.

Property	Description
Runtime Environment	Name of the runtime environment that contains the Secure Agent that you want to use to run mapping tasks.
Listener Location	Host name or IP address of the system where the PowerExchange Listener that processes requests for IDMS runs. Also include the Listener port number. Enter the value in the following format, where *host_name* can be a host name or IP address: *host_name*:*port_number* For example: LSNR1:1467
User Name	A user name that can be used to access the PowerExchange Listener when PowerExchange Listener security is enabled. For more information, see the SECURITY statement in the *PowerExchange Reference Manual*.
Password	Password that is associated with the user name that is specified in the **User Name** property.
Collection Name	The instance name that is specified in the **Collection Identifier** field of the registration group that contains the capture registrations for the IDMS data sources. This value is used to filter the extraction-map metadata that the PWX CDC Metadata Adapter imports when using this connection.
CAPI Connection Name	Name of a CAPX CAPI_CONNECTION statement that is defined in the PowerExchange dbmover configuration file. This statement includes parameters that the PWX CDC Reader uses to extract change data from PowerExchange Logger for Linux, UNIX, and Windows log files. The PWX CDC Reader requires this property value and ignores any default CAPI_CONNECTION statement that is defined in the dbmover configuration file.
Connection Retry Period	Number of seconds that the PWX CDC Reader tries to reconnect to the PowerExchange Listener after the initial connection attempt fails. If a connection cannot be established within the retry period, the mapping task fails. The default is 0, which disables connection retries.
Compression	Controls whether the PowerExchange Listener compresses change data before sending the data over the network to the PWX CDC Reader. Select this property to compress the data. By default, this property is not selected.
Encryption	Controls whether the PowerExchange Listener encrypts change data before sending it over the network to the PWX CDC Reader. Also specifies the type of encryption to use. Select one of the following options: - **None**. Do not use encryption. - **AES 128-bit**. Use a 128-bit encryption key. - **AES 192-bit**. Use a 192-bit encryption key. - **AES 256-bit**. Use a 256 encryption key. The default is **None**.
Pacing Size	Amount of data, in rows or kilobytes, that the source system passes to the PowerExchange Listener before pausing to wait for another PWX CDC Reader request for more data. Decrease this value to improve session performance. Use 0 for maximum performance. The default and minimum value is 0.
Pacing Units	Type of units to use with the **Pacing Size** property. Select either **Rows** or **Kilobytes**.

Property	Description

Map Location	Host name or IP address of the system where the extraction maps reside. Also include the port number.
	This value is required when the PowerExchange Listener runs on a PowerExchange Logger for Linux, UNIX, and Windows machine that is remote from the extraction maps. The Listener requires access to the extraction maps to process change data extraction requests.
	Enter the value in the following format, where *host_name* can be a host name or IP address:
	`host_name:port_number`
	For example:
	`CDC01:25100`
	Note: The **Map Location** value takes precedence over the **Listener Location** value for testing connections and importing extraction-map metadata.

Map Location User	A user name that can access the PowerExchange Listener at the location that is specified in the **Map Location** property.
Map Location Password	Password associated with the user name that is specified in **Map Location User** property.
Event Table	If you created an event table to stop change data extraction based on user-defined events, enter the name of the PowerExchange extraction map for the event table. The IDMS event table must reside on the CDC source system.
Replace Low Values with Spaces	Controls whether to replace embedded nulls in character data with spaces. Select this property to replace embedded nulls. By default, this property is selected.
Custom Properties	Custom properties or connection property overrides. Custom properties are properties that you can specify to override PowerExchange default settings. You can enter multiple properties by using a semicolon (;) as the separator or you can specify a parameter to specify connection property overrides through a parameter file. For example: `<property>=<value>;<property>=<value>` In most cases, you set custom properties only at the direction of Informatica Global Customer Support. **Note:** These properties are equivalent to the **PWX Override** options for the PowerExchange Client for PowerCenter (PWXPC) CDC connections in PowerCenter. To specify connection property overrides through a parameter file, you set a parameter in the form of `$<ParameterName>`, where you prefix a user-defined parameter name with a dollar sign character ($). Then configure a mapping task for the mapping to use a parameter file that contains the user-defined parameter definition by specifying the parameter file name in the **Parameter File Name** field on the **Runtime Options** tab. **Note:** - If you enter the same parameter for both the mapping and connection, the connection custom property takes precedence. - If you have a parameter file, the parameter name you specify in this field must match an entry defined in the parameter file. For more information, see the “Connection overrides reference” chapter.

CHAPTER 3

Mappings and mapping tasks with IDMS CDC Connector

In Data Integration, create a mapping that includes an IDMS source and a target of a supported type. Then you can create a mapping task that is associated with the mapping to process data based on the mapping.

The mapping and mapping task information is stored in the Informatica Intelligent Cloud Services cloud.

To process the IDMS records, run the mapping task in your runtime environment. The mapping task runs on premises, on the same machine where the Secure Agent and PowerExchange client components run. The mapping task uses the mapping and mapping task information pushed down from the Informatica Intelligent Cloud Services cloud. During a mapping task run, the PWX CDC Reader retrieves the captured IDMS change records from the PowerExchange Logger for Linux, UNIX, and Windows log files, and Data Integration transmits the change records to the target based on the mapping.

After a mapping task ends, you can determine its job status and view the session log from either the Data Integration or Monitor interface.

Mapping configuration

You must configure a mapping that contains a Source transformation for an IDMS source and map it to a Target transformation.

To begin creating a mapping in Data Integration, click **New** > **Mappings** > **Mapping** and then click **Create**. In the **New Mapping** dialog box, click **Mapping** > **Continue**.

A mapping must contain at least one Source transformation mapped to one Target transformation. Alternatively, a mapping can contain multiple IDMS CDC sources and multiple targets. For example, you can define multiple one-to-one mappings, map one source to multiple targets, or map multiple sources to one target. To map multiple sources to the one target, you can create multiple one-to-one mappings that map each source separately to the same target. In this case, each source must have a different primary key value.

Important: If you include multiple CDC sources in a mapping, all of the Source transformations must use the same IDMS CDC connection, which connects to the PowerExchange Listener location on the PowerExchange Logger for Linux, UNIX, and Windows system and to the same extraction-map location.

A mapping can also contain other transformation types, such as a Joiner transformation or Lookup transformation, as needed. If you include a Lookup transformation, make sure that you select either the **Lookup Source is Static** or **Lookup Cache Persistent** advanced property for the transformation. Otherwise, any associated mapping task for which the **Recovery Strategy** advanced session property is set to **Resume from last checkpoint**, as recommended, will fail.

When you define a Source transformation in a mapping, specify a name for the transformation, an IDMS CDC connection, the source type, and the extraction map for the IDMS source object. You can also set some additional source properties. The PWX CDC Metadata Adapter retrieves metadata for the IDMS data source from the PowerExchange-generated extraction map, including the field definitions.

When you define a Target transformation, specify a name for the transformation, a connection to the target, the target type, and the operation type of **Data Driven**. In the user's environment, the target can reside on premises or in a cloud. If you do not want to send all of the incoming fields to the target, you can define one or more exclusion field rules. As part of configuring the target, you must also map the incoming fields to the target fields. You can map fields automatically based on the field names or map them manually.

Instead of selecting specific connections and objects in the Source and Target transformations, you can define a parameter for the connection, the source or target object, or both. You then must enter a specific connection or object in the associated mapping tasks. If you want to use a parameter for the source or target connection, you must perform one of the following actions before the mapping can be successfully validated:

- Set the **Source Type** or **Target Type** field to **Parameter** and then enter a parameter for the source or target object in the **Parameter** field. On the **Field Mapping** tab of the Target transformation, you must set the map option to **Automatic** for the mapping to be validated.
- If you want to use a specific source or target object with a connection parameter, first select a specific connection, set the **Source Type** or **Target Type** field to **Single Object**, select a source or target object in the **Object** field, validate the mapping, and then enter the connection parameter.

  Tip: If you want to validate the source-to-target field mappings, map the fields in the Target transformation before validating the mapping. After the mapping is confirmed as valid, enter connection parameters.

You can also completely or partially parameterize field mappings, and then define specific mappings in the mapping tasks.

IDMS CDC source properties in mappings

When you create a mapping, you configure a Source transformation for an IDMS source and set some source properties for the Source transformation.

Click the Source transformation box on the mapping canvas. Then configure the source properties in the **Source Properties** panel below the mapping canvas.

If you have multiple Source transformations in a mapping, configure source properties for each source. If you use a specific connection instead of a connection parameter, enter the same connection for all sources.

Note: If a mapping includes source tables or columns that have special characters in their names, the associated mapping task fails because it cannot import the source metadata. Special characters include s #, $, @, %, *, !, and ~. Therefore, ensure that none of the source tables and mapped columns have names with any special character. Rename the tables and columns if necessary.

The **Source Properties** panel contains the following tabs on which you can enter information:

- **General** tab. Specify a user-defined name and optional description for the IDMS CDC source.
- **Source** tab. Configure the source properties under **Details** and under **Advanced**. The advanced properties are available only if you enter a specific CDC connection for the source. If you enter a parameter for the source connection, the advanced properties are not displayed. However, you can define these properties in the associated mapping task after you select a specific source connection for the task.

  Note: The Filter and Sort options under **Query Options** are not supported for CDC connections.

The following table describes the IDMS CDC source properties under **Details**:

Property	Description
Connection	*Required*. Select a source connection of the type **IDMS CDC**, or click **New Connection** to create one. Alternatively, you can define a connection parameter in the mapping and enter a specific connection in each mapping task that is associated with the mapping. If you want to use a connection parameter with a specific source object, you must first select a specific connection so that you can access the source to select the source object in the **Object** field. After you select the source object, define the connection parameter. If you want to use parameters for both the connection and source object, you do not need to first select a specific connection. You can just define the parameters in either order. To define a connection parameter, click **New Parameter** next to the **Connection** property and enter the following information: - Enter a parameter name that begins with a letter and is up to 200 characters in length, including @, #, _, and alphanumeric characters. - In the **Type** property, verify that **connection** is selected. - Leave the **Connection Type** property blank. After you click **OK**, the parameter appears in the **Connection** property.
Source Type	*Required*. Select **Single Object** to be able to select an extraction map for an IDMS source in the **Object** property. Alternatively, you can define a parameter for the source object in the mapping and enter a specific source object in each mapping task that is associated with the mapping. To define a parameter, select **Parameter** as the source type, and then specify the parameter in the **Parameter** property.
Object	Click **Select**. In the **Select Source Object** dialog box, under **Packages**, click a listed value. This value is the first part of the generated extraction map name. The right pane lists extraction maps that have names matching the selected package value. Select an extraction map. You can use only extraction maps that PowerExchange generated by default for capture registrations. These extraction maps have names that begin with "d." The extraction-map metadata is stored in the Informatica Intelligent Cloud Services repository in the cloud. The **Object** property appears only if you select **Single Object** as the source type. **Note:** The **Preview Data** feature is not supported for CDC source objects.
Parameter	Select a parameter for the source object, or click **New Parameter** to define a new parameter for the source object. The **Parameter** property appears only if you select **Parameter** as the source type.

The following table describes the optional source properties under **Advanced**:

Advanced Property	Description

Connection Overrides	A variable or parameter file that overrides attributes at the mapping level for one or more sources. Use a semicolon (;) as the separator.
	For example, to override attributes by using a parameter file, use the following syntax:
	`RestartToken FileName=D:\abcagent\apps\Data_Integration_Server\data \restart\test.dat;APPLICATION=testapp`
	Overrides can be parameterized and can refer to other parameters. For example:
	`RestartToken File Name=$PMRootDir/restart/restartfile.txt`
	If you have more than one CDC source in the mapping, you only need to define the override in one of the sources. The override is automatically applied to all sources.
	Note: If you provide an override value for more than one source, all values must match to avoid a runtime error.
	For more information, see Chapter 6, "Connection overrides reference" on page 34.

Map Schema Override	A schema name that overrides the schema name in the PowerExchange data map.
Map Name Override	A map name that overrides the name defined in the PowerExchange data map.

Filter Overrides	One or more conditions that filter the source change records that the PWX CDC Reader retrieves from the PowerExchange Logger log files. Based on the filter conditions, a WHERE clause is appended to the default SQL SELECT query that the PWX CDC Reader uses to read the change records.
	You must use the nonrelational SQL syntax that PowerExchange supports for comparison and LIKE operators. For more information, see the "PowerExchange Nonrelational SQL" chapter in the *PowerExchange Reference Manual*. If the filter includes a date or timestamp column, ensure that the range of years in the column data is within the range of years for PowerExchange data filtering, as controlled by the DATERANGE statement in the DBMOVER configuration file. The default range is 1800 to 2200.
	For example, to select change records in which the TYPE column has a value of A or D, specify the following condition:
	`TYPE='A' or TYPE='D'`
	Maximum length of the entire SELECT statement that PowerExchange builds, including the WHERE clause with the filter conditions, is 8192 bytes.
	Note: If you specify the **Filter Overrides** attribute and also specify an **SQL Query Override** attribute value that contains a filtering WHERE clause, the resulting SELECT statement contains a WHERE clause that uses the AND operator to associate the Filter Overrides filter conditions with the SQL Query Override conditions. For example:
	`SELECT * from schema.table WHERE Filter_Overrides_conditions AND SQL_Query_Override_conditions`

Advanced Property	Description

SQL Query Override	An SQL statement that overrides the default SQL query that the PWX CDC Reader uses to retrieve change records from PowerExchange.
	You must use the nonrelational SQL syntax that PowerExchange supports. For more information, see the "PowerExchange Nonrelational SQL" chapter in the *PowerExchange Reference Manual*. If the override statement includes a date or timestamp column, ensure that the range of years in the column data is within the range of years for PowerExchange data checking and filtering, as controlled by the DATERANGE statement in the DBMOVER configuration file. The default range is 1800 to 2200.
	For example, to select change records for the USER source table when the TYPE column has the value of A or D, specify the following query:
	`SELECT ID, NAME from schema.extract_map.USER where TYPE='A' or TYPE='D';`
	Maximum length of the SELECT query override statement is 8192 bytes.
	Note: If you specify an **SQL Query Override** attribute value that contains a filtering WHERE clause and also specify the **Filter Overrides** attribute, the resulting SELECT statement contains a WHERE clause that uses the AND operator to associate the SQL Query Override conditions with the Filter Overrides filter conditions. For example:
	`SELECT * from schema.table WHERE Filter_Overrides_conditions AND SQL_Query_Override_conditions`

Tracing Level	The level of detail that appears in the session log for a Source transformation. Select one of the following options, which are listed in order of increasing detail: - **Terse** - **Normal** - **Verbose Initialization** - **Verbose Data** Default is **Normal**.

- **Fields** tab. Select the fields that you want to use in the data flow. You can edit field metadata such as precision and scale if necessary.

Note: Ignore the **Partitions** tab. Key-range partitioning is not supported for CDC connections.

Targets in mappings with IDMS CDC sources

To configure a target in a mapping, click the Target transformation box on the mapping canvas. Then configure the target properties in the **Target Properties** panel below the mapping canvas.

Note: To determine which target types are supported by the IDMS CDC Connector, see "Supported targets" on page 11.

- **General** tab. Specify a user-defined name and optional description for the target.
- **Incoming Fields** tab. Optionally review the included fields and define field exclusion rules and renaming criteria.
- **Target** tab. Configure the target properties under **Details** and under **Advanced**. The advanced properties are available only if you enter a specific connection for the target.

The following table describes the target properties under **Details**:

Property	Description
Connection	Select an existing target connection, or create a target connection. Alternatively, you can use a connection parameter in the mapping and then enter a specific connection in each mapping task that is associated with the mapping. If you want to use a connection parameter with a specific target object, you must first select a specific connection so that you can access the target to select the target object in the **Object** field. After you select the target object, define the connection parameter. If you want to use parameters for both the connection and target object, you do not need to first select a specific connection. You can just define the parameters in either order. To define a connection parameter, click **New Parameter** and enter the following information: - Enter a parameter name that begins with a letter and is up to 200 characters in length, including @, #, _, and alphanumeric characters. - In the **Type** property, verify that **connection** is selected. - Leave the **Connection Type** property blank.
Target Type	Select **Single Object** if you want to specify a target table. Alternatively, select **Parameter** and then specify an input parameter for the target object in the **Parameter** property. When you use a parameter, you specify the target table for the parameterized object on the **Targets** page of each mapping task associated with the mapping.
Object	Click **Select**. In the **Target Object** dialog box, select **Existing** and then select an existing target table. Alternatively, select **Create New at Runtime** and enter the name of a target table to generate at runtime. However, Informatica recommends that you do not use this option. The generated table might not be completely materialized with data the first time the mapping task runs. Also, with this setting, you cannot set the **Operation** property to **Data Driven**, which is required to properly handle subsequent insert, update, and delete records. After the table is generated, you must return to the **Object** field, select **Existing** and the generated target table, and then set the **Operation** property to **Data Driven**. **Note:** A generated target table contains the PowerExchange-generated DTL__ metadata fields from the source. If you do not want these columns on the target, you can configure a field rule that excludes the columns that have the "DTL__" prefix.
Parameter	Select or create a parameter for the target object. Appears only when the target type is **Parameter**.
Operation	Select **Data Driven** to properly handle insert, update, and delete records from the source. **Note:** By default, inserts, updates, and deletes are applied as inserts, updates, and deletes, respectively.
Data Driven Condition	Enables you to define expressions that flag rows for an insert, update, delete, or reject operation. Appears only when the operation type is **Data Driven** but is not required for this operation type.
Update Columns	Click **Add** to select the columns that you want to use as a logical primary key for performing update, upsert, and delete operations on the target. Appears only when the operation type is **Data Driven**. This field is not required if the target table already has a primary key.
Truncate target	Select this option if you want to clear the target table each time the mapping task runs. However, if you select this option and set the **Operation** property to **Data Driven**, update operations on the target will fail.

The following table describes the advanced target properties that appear under **Advanced**:

Advanced Property	Description
Forward Rejected Rows	Select this option to have the Target transformation pass rejected records to a reject file that is generated in the following directory: `\agent_install_directory\apps\Data_Integration_Server\data\error` Clear this option to ignore the rejected records. **Note:** This field is not displayed if a parameter is specified for the target connection.
Pre SQL	SQL statements that run on the target before the extracted data is written to a target. Maximum length is 5000 characters.
Post SQL	SQL statements that run on the target after the extracted data is written to a target. Maximum length is 5000 characters.
Update Override	An override SQL update statement to update the data in a target table. The override SQL update statement you specify overrides the default update statements that the Secure Agent uses to update targets based on key columns. You define an override update statement to update target tables based on non-key columns. In the override statement, you must enclose all reserved words in quotation marks.

- **Target Fields** tab. Optionally add fields, delete fields, or edit field metadata such as native data type, precision, and scale.
- **Field Mapping** tab. Map the incoming fields to the target fields. You can manually map an incoming field to a target field or automatically map fields based on the field names. If you entered a connection parameter, you must select **Automatic** as the field map option to be able to validate the mapping. Alternatively, you can completely or partially parameterize field mappings, and then define the specific field mappings in the mapping task. For more information, see Transformations > Target Transformation > Target Transformation Field Mappings in the Data Integration Help.

Mapping task configuration

Configure a mapping task for a mapping with an IDMS CDC source. When you run the mapping task, the IDMS records are transmitted to the target.

Note: SQL ELT optimization and Visio templates are not supported for IDMS CDC mapping tasks.

To begin configuring a mapping task, perform one of the following actions:

- In Data Integration, click **New** > **Mapping Task** and then click **Create**.
- While the mapping is open, select **New Mapping Task** from the **Actions** menu.

Then enter information on some or all of the following pages in the mapping task wizard:

- **General Properties**. Enter a name for the mapping task, a project or folder location for the mapping task, and the runtime environment that contains the Secure Agent or Secure Agent Group under which the mapping task will run. If you began creating the mapping task without first opening the mapping, you must also select the mapping with which to associate the mapping task. The description is optional.
- **Sources**. This page appears only if you defined a parameter for the connection or source object in the mapping. If you defined a connection parameter, select or create the specific connection that you want

the mapping task to use. If you defined a source object parameter, select the extraction map for a specific source object. For more information, see"Properties for parameterized sources and connections" on page 25.

- **CDC Runtime**. This page appears only for CDC sources. Enter CDC-related properties that are used when the mapping task runs. From this page, you can reset the point in the PowerExchange Logger for Linux, UNIX, and Windows logs from which the PWX CDC Reader starts extracting change data. For more information, see "CDC runtime properties in mapping tasks" on page 25 and "Configuring a restart point for change data extraction" on page 27.
- **Targets**. This page appears only if you defined a parameter for the target connection or object in the mapping. For more information about configuring targets in mapping tasks, click the help icon on this page.
- **Runtime Options**.From this page you can optionally define a schedule for running the mapping tasks, email notifications, advanced options, parameter file location, SQL ELT optimization, execution mode, and advanced session properties. For more information, see "Advanced session properties in mapping tasks" on page 28.

Properties for parameterized sources and connections

The **Sources** page appears in the mapping task wizard if you defined a parameter for the connection or source object in the associated mapping.

If you defined a parameter for the source connection in the mapping, you must select or create a specific connection for the mapping task. Ensure that the connection type is consistent with the source object type. After you select a connection, you can click **Advanced Options** to configure the optional advanced properties. For more information about these advanced properties, see "IDMS CDC source properties in mappings" on page 19.

Note: If the mapping uses a specific source connection, you can specify these advanced properties in the mapping and also specify them in the mapping task. In this case, the properties in the mapping task override those in the mapping.

When you finish entering information on the **Sources** page, click **Validate** to validate your entries.

Note: If the mapping specifies a connection parameter and you edit the mapping to change the source object, check the specific connection in the mapping task to determine if you need to reset it and then **Validate** the mapping task again.

CDC runtime properties in mapping tasks

When you create or edit a mapping task that processes change data from a CDC source, you can set optional properties on the **CDC Runtime** page. These properties are used when the mapping task runs.

The following table describes the optional CDC runtime properties:

Property	Description
Maximum Rows Per Commit	Maximum number of change records in a UOW that the mapping task can process. When this maximum is reached, the UOW change records are committed on the target. Valid values are 0 through 999999999. Default is 0, which causes this property to be ignored.
Minimum Rows Per Commit	Minimum number of change records that must exist in a UOW before the PWX CDC Reader can request a real-time flush of the change records to the target. Valid values are 0 through 999999999. Default is 0, which causes this property to be ignored.

Property	Description
Maximum Latency in Seconds	Maximum number of seconds that the PWX CDC Reader waits for more change records before flushing change data from partially filled or empty blocks and returning control to the Data Integration service. Valid values are 2 through 360. Default is 2.
Real-time Flush Latency in Milliseconds	Number of milliseconds that must elapse before the PWX CDC Reader requests a real-time flush of uncommitted data in the change data stream to the targets defined in the mapping. Valid values are -1 through 999999999. Default is 2000. **Note:** To control commit processing, you can also use the **UOW Count**, **Maximum Rows Per Commit**, and **Minimum Rows Per Commit** properties.
Restart Point	Displays the restart point in read-only mode. The restart point indicates the position in the change data stream from which the PWX CDC Reader will start reading change records for a data source. Usually, you set the restart point before running the mapping task the first time to coincide with the time when the target table was materialized. You might also need to set the restart point to reprocess change records or to perform some testing. To set the restart point, click **Select**. If you do not specify a restart point, the mapping task starts or restarts from the end of log by default.
Restart Revision	Displays the restart-point revision number in read-only mode. When you navigate to the **CDC Runtime** page, open the **Select Restart Point** dialog box, and click **OK**, the revision number is incremented by 1, regardless of whether you changed the restart point. **Note:** During a single mapping-task edit session, the revision number is incremented by 1 only once, even if you return to the **Select Restart Point** dialog box multiple times. When a new revision is created, the CDC Connector ignores the restart information in the PM_REC_STATE recovery table and uses the specified restart point the next time you run the mapping task. **Note:** If you run the mapping task and then change to a different source object, you must either increment the restart revision number or create a new mapping task. Initial value is 0.
UOW Count	Number of units of work (UOWs) in the change data stream that the PWX CDC Reader processes before it requests a real-time flush of change records to the targets in the mapping. Valid values are -1 through 999999999. The values -1 and 0 cause this property to be ignored. Default is -1.
Update as Delete and Insert	Controls whether each update that is captured from the source data is processed as an update or as a delete followed by an insert. You can select this property to handle changes to the key of a data set, in which case the insert record contains the key changes. Otherwise, leave this property cleared for normal processing of inserts, updates, and deletes. By default, this check box is not selected, which causes updates to be processed as update operations.
Continuous Extraction	Controls whether the mapping task runs continuously to capture change data from the source. Selecting this property indicates that the mapping task runs until it is stopped in the Monitor. By default, this check box is not selected and the mapping task stops after a single execution.

Note: You can also use the Informatica Intelligent Cloud Services Data Integration REST API to view and update CDC runtime options. The **mttask** API resource lets you retrieve or update mapping task options. For example, you might use **mttask** to change a selected option in multiple mapping tasks by using the API endpoint provided for the connector. For more information, see the *REST API Reference*.

Configuring a restart point for change data extraction

When you create or edit a mapping task, you can specify a restart point. The restart point indicates the point in the PowerExchange Logger log files from which the PWX CDC Reader starts extracting change records that were captured from a CDC source table. By default, the restart point is the end of log for the first run. Thereafter, the mapping task restarts from where it last left off by default, unless you specify a restart point.

Usually, you set the restart point before you start the mapping task the first time to coincide with the time at which the mapped target was materialized with data. However, you might need to set the restart point at other times, such as when you need to reprocess change records or perform tests.

Note: The restart point applies to all source tables in the mapping that is associated with the mapping task.

1. On the **CDC Runtime** page, click **Select** next to the **Restart Point** property.

   The **Select Restart Point** dialog box appears.

2. To set a restart point, select one of the following options:

   - **End of log**. The latest change record in the Logger logs.
   - **Earliest available**. The oldest available change record in the Logger logs.
   - **Timestamp**. The logged change record associated with a timestamp you set. To set a timestamp, select a date from the date picker. Then enter the time in HH:MM:SS.s format in the adjacent list boxes, where *s* represents fractional seconds.
   - **PWX Token**. The PowerExchange restart token that was automatically generated during change data capture. To obtain the restart token, use one of the following methods:
     - Run a CAPX row test on the extraction map in PowerExchange Navigator. In the row test results window, select **Show Auto Generated Columns** to see the generated DTL__ columns. Take the value from the DTL__CAPXRESTART1 field and add eight zeroes at the end. Enter the edited value in the **PWX Token** field. For more information about running a CAPX row test, see the *PowerExchange Navigator User Guide*.
     - Run the PWXUCDCT utility with the REPORT_CDCT command. The report output shows the restart token for each PowerExchange Logger log file. For more information about the PWXUCDCT utility, see the *PowerExchange Utilities Guide*.

3. Click **OK**.

   On the **CDC Runtime** page, the **Restart Point** property displays the new restart point in read-only mode and the **Restart Revision** value is incremented by 1.

   Warning: Anytime the revision number is incremented, the restart point option is reapplied during the next mapping task run, even if you did not change the option. In this case, the mapping task does not start from the ending log position of the previous run and might read duplicate records or skip records. Ensure that this result is acceptable.

Advanced session properties in mapping tasks

When you create or edit a mapping task that processes change records from a PowerExchange CDC source, set some advanced session properties that pertain to CDC.

In the **Advanced Session Properties** section on the **Runtime Options** page, click **+** to add each advanced session property. The following table describes the advanced session property values to add:

Advanced Property	Required Value
Commit on End of File	**No** This setting avoids duplicate data from occurring on the target after a mapping task job is restarted. The default is **No**.
Recovery Strategy	**Resume from last checkpoint** This setting is the only valid value. It is required to enable the recovery of change data and CDC restart information on the target after a mapping task ends abnormally or is stopped before completing change data processing. With this setting, the mapping task can resume processing change data from the point of interruption in the change data stream. By default, recovery is disabled and the task status remains as Failed. If the task is included in a taskflow, the taskflow continues to run.

For information about other advanced session properties, see the topic "Advanced Session Properties" under Tasks > Data Integration Tasks in the Informatica Cloud Data Integration Help. The following advanced session properties are not supported or required for CDC:

- **$Source Connection Value**
- **$Target Connection Value**
- **Incremental Aggregation**
- **Reinitialize Aggregate Cache**
- **SQL ELT Optimization options**
- **Session Sort Order**
- **Cache LOOKUP() Function**
- **Pre-build Lookup Cache**
- **On Stored Procedure Error**
- **Data Column Delimiter**
- **Enable cross-schema SQL ELT optimization** (Clear this check box.)

Note: If you want to run a CDC mapping with restart capability, make sure that the **Allow the mapping task to be executed simultaneously** check box is cleared.

Running a mapping task

A mapping task runs on-premises under control of the Secure Agent.

To run the mapping task, use any of the following methods:

- After you finish configuring the mapping task, click **Run**.

- Manually start the mapping task from the **Explore** page.
- Create a schedule that runs the mapping task based on a date, time, and repeat frequency, such as hourly, daily, weekly, or monthly.
- Include the mapping task in a taskflow and then run the taskflow.

Monitoring a mapping task

After you run a mapping task, you can check the job status for the task to determine if the job succeeded, completed with warnings, or failed. If the job failed or ended with a warning, you can view the session log for the job to identify the error or warning conditions.

Each time a user or schedule starts a mapping task, Informatica Intelligent Cloud Services creates a job to run the task.

1. To view a list of mapping task jobs, use one of the following methods:
   - In Data Integration, select **My Jobs**. The **My Jobs** page lists all jobs that you, the user who is currently logged in, started. It does not include jobs that were started by a schedule.
   - In Monitor, select **All Jobs** or **Running Jobs**. The **All Jobs** page lists all of the running and completed jobs that members of your organization started or that were started by a schedule. The **Running Jobs** page lists only the jobs that are currently running or that have completed within the last 5 minutes.
2. On the **My Jobs**, **All Jobs**, or **Running Jobs** page, review the information about the jobs you're interested in. The following information is displayed by default and shown for each job instance:
   - Start date and time
   - End date and time
   - Number of rows processed
   - Current state, which can be one of the following values: Queued, Starting, Running, Success, Stopped, Suspended, Warning, or Failed.

   Tip: You can change the columns that are displayed by right-clicking the column-heading area and selecting or deselecting column names in the list.

   For more information about a job, click the job name to open a page that contains job details and a download link for the session log. You can also download the session log by moving the cursor to the right end of the row for a job and clicking the **Download Log** icon.
3. If the job state is Failed or Warning, gather more information about the error or warning condition in the following ways:
   - For a Failed job, hover the cursor over the Failed icon in the **State** column. A brief description of the error condition appears, which you can copy.
   - Download the session log and look for error or warning messages that begin with the message ID prefix of "PWXPC" or "PWX."

   If possible, correct the error or warning condition and then restart the job. To restart the job from the **Jobs** or **My Jobs** page, move the cursor to the right end of the row for the job and click the **Restart** icon.

CHAPTER 4

IDMS CDC administration

As the organization administrator of an IDMS CDC Connector implementation, you might need to perform some administrative tasks to keep processing of records running smoothly.

To learn about some common administrative issues and tasks, read the following topic:

- "Upgrading to a new version of PowerExchange" on page 30

Upgrading to a new version of PowerExchange

The connector can retrieve data from only a single version of PowerExchange. If you upgrade your on-premise environment to a later supported PowerExchange version, use this task to move your Informatica Intelligent Cloud Services Data Integration connections to the new PowerExchange environment.

1. Upgrade the PowerExchange installation. For more information, see the *PowerExchange Installation and Upgrade Guide*.
2. In Monitor, open the **Running Jobs** page.
3. Make sure that any running mapping tasks that connect to the previous PowerExchange version run to completion, or stop the task if necessary.
4. Stop the Secure Agent that is specified in the connection configuration for any connection to the previous PowerExchange version.
5. In Data Integration, edit the connections to point to the new PowerExchange version.
6. If necessary, edit the mapping task configurations to specify the appropriate connection to the new version of the PowerExchange environment.
7. Start the mapping tasks again, when appropriate.

CHAPTER 5

Data type reference

IDMS data types appear in the source transformations when you choose to edit metadata for the fields.

Data Integration uses the following data types in mappings and tasks with IDMS:

IDMS native data types

IDMS data types appear in the source and target transformations when you choose to edit metadata for the fields.

Transformation data types

Set of data types that appear in the transformations. They are internal data types based on ANSI SQL-92 generic data types, which the Secure Agent uses to move data across platforms. Transformation data types appear in all transformations in a mapping.

IDMS and transformation data types

When Data Integration reads source data, it converts the native data types to the comparable transformation data types before transforming the data. When Data Integration writes to a target, it converts the transformation data types to the comparable native data types.

The following table lists the IDMS data types that Data Integration supports and the corresponding transformation data types:

PowerExchange Datatype	Precision	Transformation Datatype	Range
BIN	10	Binary	1 to 104,857,600 bytes You can pass binary data from a source to a target, but you cannot perform transformations on binary data. PowerCenter does not support binary data for COBOL or flat file sources.
CHAR	10	String	1 to 104,857,600 characters Fixed-length or varying-length string.
DATE	10	Date/Time	Jan 1, 0001 A.D. to Dec 31, 9999 A.D. Combined date/time value, with precision to the nanosecond.
DOUBLE	18	Double	Precision of 15 digits Double-precision floating-point numeric value.

PowerExchange Datatype	Precision	Transformation Datatype	Range
FLOAT	7	Double	Precision of 15 digits Double-precision floating-point numeric value.
NUM8	3	Small Integer	Precision of 5 and scale of 0 Integer value.
NUM8U	3	Small Integer	Precision of 5 and scale of 0 Integer value.
NUM16	5	Small Integer	Precision of 5 and scale of 0 Integer value.
NUM16U	5	Integer	Precision of 10 and scale of 0 Integer value.
NUM32	10	Integer	Precision of 10 and scale of 0 Integer value.
NUM32U	19	Big Integer	Precision of 19, scale of 0. Integer value.
NUM64	19	Big Integer	Precision of 19, scale of 0. Integer value.
NUM64U	20	Decimal	Precision of 20, scale 0. Decimal value.
NUMCHAR	-	String	1 to 104,857,600 characters Fixed-length or varying-length string.
PACKED	15	Decimal	Precision 1 to 28 digits, scale 0 to 28 Decimal value with declared precision and scale. Scale must be less than or equal to precision. If you pass a value with negative scale or declared precision greater than 28, the PowerCenter Integration Service converts it to a double.
TIME	5	Date/Time	Jan 1, 0001 A.D. to Dec 31, 9999 A.D. Combined date/time value, with precision to the nanosecond.
TIMESTAMP	5	Date/Time	Jan 1, 0001 A.D. to Dec 31, 9999 A.D. Combined date/time value, with precision to the nanosecond.
UPACKED	15	Decimal	Precision 1 to 28 digits, scale 0 to 28 Decimal value with declared precision and scale. Scale must be less than or equal to precision. If you pass a value with negative scale or declared precision greater than 28, the PowerCenter Integration Service converts it to a double.

PowerExchange Datatype	Precision	Transformation Datatype	Range
UZONED	15	Decimal	Precision 1 to 28 digits, scale 0 to 28 Decimal value with declared precision and scale. Scale must be less than or equal to precision. If you pass a value with negative scale or declared precision greater than 28, the PowerCenter Integration Service converts it to a double.
VARBIN	10	Binary	1 to 104,857,600 bytes You can pass binary data from a source to a target, but you cannot perform transformations on binary data. PowerCenter does not support binary data for COBOL or flat file sources.
VARCHAR	10	String	1 to 104,857,600 characters Fixed-length or varying-length string.
ZONED	15	Decimal	Precision 1 to 28 digits, scale 0 to 28 Decimal value with declared precision and scale. Scale must be less than or equal to precision. If you pass a value with negative scale or declared precision greater than 28, the PowerCenter Integration Service converts it to a double.

CHAPTER 6

Connection overrides reference

When you create a mapping that uses a CDC connector type, you can specify connection overrides in the **Connection Overrides** field in the mapping's Source properties panel.

CDC connection overrides

The following table lists the connection overrides that the Data Integration CDC connectors support.

Connection Override	Description
User Name	A user name for connecting to the database.
Password	A password for the specified user or a valid passphrase.
Compression	Specifies whether or not to compress source data. Valid values are: - Y. - N. Default is N.
Encryption Type	Specifies the encryption level to use. Valid values are: AES This attribute has no default. **Note:** You must specify both Encryption Type and Encryption Level.
Encryption Level	Specifies the encryption level to use. Valid values are: 1. AES 128, 2. AES 192, and 3. AES 256. Default is 1. **Note:** You must specify both the Encryption Type and the Encryption Level.
Pacing Size	Specifies the pacing size. Valid values are: 0 to 999999999. Default is 0.
Interpret as Rows	Specifies whether to represent the pacing size in number of rows. Valid values are: - Y. - N. Default is Y.

Connection Override	Description
Image Type	Indicates whether Data Integration should send captured Updates as Updates, or as Deletes followed by Inserts. Valid values are: - AI. Process Updates as update operations. - BA. Process Updates as Deletes followed by Inserts. Default is BA.
Application Name	Uniquely identifies the GMD application.
RestartToken File Name	Fully qualified restart file name.
Number of Runs to Keep RestartToken File (*)	The maximum number of backup copies to keep of the restart token file. Valid values are: 0 to 9999. Default is 0.
Recovery Cache Folder	The name of the file cache folder that is used for recovery of the session. Default is `$PMRootDir/Cache`.
UOW Count	The number of units of work (UOWs) that Data Integration processes before it sends a commit request to commit data to all targets in the CDC session. Valid values are: 1 to 999999999. Default is 1.
Convert character data to string	Controls whether to convert character fields to string fields so that embedded nulls in data are processed as spaces. Valid values are: - Y. - N. Default is N.
Retrieve PWX log entries	Controls whether Data Integration writes informational messages related to a CDC session in the session log. Valid values are: - Y. - N. Default is Y.
Continuous Extraction	Valid values are: - 0. Stop extraction at the end of the log. - 1. Perform continuous extraction. Default is 0.
Real-time Flush Latency in milli-seconds	The number of milliseconds that must elapse before Data Integration sends a commit request to commit data to all targets in the CDC session. When this period elapses, Data Integration continues to read the changes in the current UOW until it reaches the end of the UOW. Then Data Integration sends a commit request so that the data can be committed to the targets. Valid values are: 0 to 999999999. Default is 0. The Real-time Flush Latency in milliseconds, Maximum Rows Per Commit, and Minimum Rows Per Commit attributes work together to control commit frequency.

Connection Override	Description
Maximum Rows Per Commit	The maximum number of change records that Data Integration processes before it sends a commit request to commit data to all targets in the CDC session. Data Integration does not wait for a UOW boundary to commit the change data. Valid values are: 0 to 999999999. Default is 0. The Real-time Flush Latency in milliseconds, Maximum Rows Per Commit, and Minimum Rows Per Commit attributes work together to control commit frequency.
Minimum Rows Per Commit	The minimum number of change records that the PowerExchange Listener must read from the change stream before it passes a commit record to the target. Before reaching this minimum, the PowerExchange Listener passes only change records to Data Integration and discards any commit records. Valid values are: 0 to 999999999. Default is 0. The Real-time Flush Latency in milliseconds, Maximum Rows Per Commit, and Minimum Rows Per Commit attributes work together to control commit frequency.
Event Table	The source event table.
CAPI Connection Name Override	A name that overrides the default CAPI connection name.

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